

General Assembly Committee

France (by Lacey Hoselton)

North Korea

NORTH KOREA SHOULD NOT HAVE THE RIGHT TO NUCLEAR WEAPONS

The General Assembly,

Keeping in mind the use of nuclear energy in France and the fact that all countries deserve the right to this energy source,

Affirming the right to have and use nuclear power in the shape of energy unless this right to this source is taken advantage of,

Noting with regret that this was the case in North Korea, as well as the violation of several resolutions (825, 1540, 1695, 1718, and 1874), going against various treaties, including the Non-Proliferation Treaty, creating a problem that needs to be addressed immediately,

Bearing in mind the constant threats that are being made to North Korea's neighboring countries -Japan, China, South Korea- as well as the United States,

Desiring a safer international community that isn't constantly in fear of North Korea and the continual threats they are making that would kill millions and leave years of difficulty in the future if action is taken,

Emphasizing the fact that if sanctions aren't enforced stricter, North Korea will advance and this will result in the destruction of our world, potentially starting another Korean War, or even a third World War,

Noting with deep concern the number of people that could be affected if the North Korean's are not put under control,

Welcoming future placements of sanctions on the North Korean's before this issue becomes more out of hand than it already is,

1. Emphasizes the fact that North Korea is holding a threat to the international community and encourages those for proliferation of nuclear weapons in North Korea to consider the hazard they hold to millions;
2. Calls upon the members of the United Nations to sign this resolution for the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons in North Korea;

3. Requests the more detailed and tightened series of sanctions, reinforcing those that may have failed to be enforced before that will include the following:
 - a. The elimination of the export coal briquettes from North Korea;
 - b. The elimination of the import crude petroleum;
 - c. If these sanctions are broken, each case will be taken to the United Nations assembly and discussed what will happen to these countries;
4. Notes that North Korea, as a sovereign nation, has the right to the use of nuclear energy unless this right is taken advantage with the further use of the energy source to make weapons illegally, in which case North Korea's rights to nuclear power will be eliminated altogether;
 - a. Troops will be sent in to do inspections of whether they are using the source of nuclear energy under safe terms every nine months;
5. Takes note of the fact that North Korea is in need of self sustaining help, in order to help them, a system of humanitarian aid will open which will help with training of doctors and medicine help;
6. Authorizes that the five permanent security council members will be responsible for the contribution of medical trainers in this facility;
7. Affirms that misuse of this privilege will result in complete elimination of the Humanitarian Aid Center for North Koreans;
8. Confirms that reaching out a peaceful hand to North Korea will ultimately be an effective form of communication, resulting in a more connected international community with North Korea not feeling as detached.